### SARANAC CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

## FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

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### **BOULRICE & WOOD CPAS, P.C.**

#### **Certified Public Accountants**

MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

STEPHEN P. WOOD, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Saranac Central School District Saranac, New York

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Saranac Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. The prior year summarized comparative information has been derived from the District's 2019 financial statements, and in our report dated September 23, 2019, we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Saranac Central School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 4 through 12), budgetary comparison information (pages 53 - 54), Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (page 56), and Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - ERS and TRS, and the schedules of the District's Contributions - ERS and TRS (pages 58 through 61) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our Audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Saranac Central School District's basic financial statements as a whole. The Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit, Schedule of Project Expenditures, and Net Investment In Capital Assets are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of Saranac Central School District. The Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit, Schedule of Project Expenditures, Net Investment In Capital Assets and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2020, on our consideration of the Saranac Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Saranac Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC

September 23, 2020

#### Saranac Central School District Management's Discussion & Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The Following is Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Saranac Central School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The MD&A is a summary of the District's financial activities based on the currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund based financial statements.

This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which are immediately following this section.

#### Financial Highlights For 2019-2020

- Revenues totaled more than \$36.4 million. The general revenues represent 93.3% of this total with the balance coming from program revenues.
- Fund equity for the general fund increased by \$336,143.
- Fund equity for the cafeteria fund increased by \$84,181.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of the MD&A, a series of financial statements, and required supplementary information. The district-wide statements are organized so the reader can understand Saranac Central School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increased focus on individual parts of the District in more detail than the district-wide statements. The fund financial statements concentrate on the District's most significant funds. The financial statements also included notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

#### **District-wide Statements**

The district-wide financial statements are designed to be similar to corporate statements in that all governmental and business type activities are consolidated. The Statement of Net Position combines governmental fund's current financial resources with capital assets and long-term obligations.

The first of the district-wide financial statements is the Statement of Net Position. This statement includes all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the overall financial position of the District is improving or deterioration. In addition to this information evaluation of the District's overall health would extend to other non-financial factors such as diversification of the taxpayer base, the continued financial support of New York State and the Federal government, and the condition of the District's infrastructure.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
Current and other assets Capital assets Total Assets	\$ 13,805,719 23,209,927 37,015,646	\$ 14,225,611 21,485,933 35,711,544
Deferred Outflows of Resources OPEB (GASB 75) Pensions Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	11,735,572 7,947,317 \$ 56,698,535	11,844,295 7,454,335 \$ 55,010,174
Other Liabilities Long Term Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$ 2,646,599 98,531,104 101,177,703	\$ 1,764,824 91,526,626 93,291,450
Deferred Inflow of Resources OPEB (GASB 75) Pensions Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,698,902 2,875,811 9,574,713	8,717,216 1,818,266 10,535,482
NET POSITION  Net Investment in capital assets  Restricted  Unrestricted  Total Net Position  Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position	18,152,976 3,846,732 (76,053,589) (54,053,881) \$ 56,698,535	15,991,402 4,354,739 (69,162,896) (48,816,755) \$ 55,010,177

The largest portion of the District's net assets is the investment in capital assets (land, building, equipment), less the outstanding balance of bonds used to acquire, construct, and improve the assets. These assets are used to provide educational services to students; therefore, they are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources necessary to repay this debt must be provided from the general fund budget. These assets are not to be liquidated to pay any of the debt.

Furthermore, net position of capital projects and special aid funds is restricted by State law to be spent for the purposes of the funds and are not available for spending at the District's discretion. The net position of the General Fund is not restricted by State law and is available for spending at the District's discretion.

Investment in capital assets net of related debt increased from 2018-2019 to 2019-2020. This is primarily the result of an ongoing capital project.

An additional portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The restricted amount is reserved for bus purchases retirement, a debt service fund and various legal reserves.

- A capital reserve was established by the taxpayers, August 2002, for the purpose of purchasing buses. The voters allowed contributions to be made for 10 years and up to \$750,000, excluding interest earnings. This reserve is permitted, by law, to continue until all of the funds are exhausted.
- A debt service fund is maintained for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt.

There was a decrease of \$6,890,693 in the unrestricted component of net position. This is primarily due to the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) #75 requirement to record a liability for post-employment benefits in regards to health care premiums. This amount is recorded as a long-term liability, under retirement benefits, and decreases the unrestricted component of net position.

Net position is the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure financial health or position. There are three categories of net position: capital assets (net of relate debt), restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. At the end of the fiscal year, the District reported positive balances in both the capital and restricted assets, both for the District as a whole, as well as for the individual funds.

## CHANGES IN NET POSITION (STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES)

REVENUES	S <b>6/</b>		6/30/2019			
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	144,363	\$	227,712		
Operating grants		2,119,828		1,739,805		
General Revenues:						
Real property taxes		11,471,119		11,004,442		
Other tax items		2,005,368		2,088,585		
Charges for services		140,523		70,402		
Use of money and property		92,512		134,428		
Sale of property and compensation for loss		25,248		110,774		
Miscellaneous		343,760		538,655		
State Sources		19,954,804		18,969,879		
Federal sources		123,871		152,188		
Total Revenues		36,421,396		35,036,870		
EXPENSES						
General support		5,951,138		4,574,067		
Instruction		18,303,289		18,504,060		
Pupil transportation		1,532,960		1,377,256		
Community service		18,242		16,799		
Employee benefits		15,244,003		11,748,674		
Debt service		189,060		205,552		
Capital outlay		176,123		371,826		
School lunch program		243,704		206,152		
Total Expenses		41,658,519		37,004,386		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	(5,237,123)	\$	(1,967,516)		

The Statement of Activities is similar to an income statement, in that it reports revenues, expenditures, and changes in net position. With the greatest amount of revenues coming from one source, state aid \$19,954,804, the District is susceptible to fluctuations in the New York State budget. Less money means a higher property tax rate. The largest expense is instruction to students, \$18,303,289. The District has a decrease in net position of (\$6,291,719). This primarily resulted from the increase in employee benefits and a payment to BOCES for the District's share of their capital project (under General Support).

There was an increase in most expense areas except for debt service.

All of the District's programs and services are reported in the district-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's services are included here, such as regular and special education, support services, operation and maintenance of school, pupil transportation, extracurricular activities and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a modified accrual basis; whereas, the governmental activities in the district-wide statements are presented on an accrual basis of accounting. The District has two kinds of funds, governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds. Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how cash flows in and out of the funds and the balances left at year end are available for future spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are financial resources that can be spent to finance the District's programs. Any differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reconciled in the financial statements.

General Fund. When comparing last year's statement to this year's, total fund equity increased \$366,143 (4.0%) from 2018-2019 to 2019-2020. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic the District switched to remote learning from mid-March through the end of the school year in June. This allowed a savings to occur in a multitude of expense areas (ex. Staff development, substitutes, electricity, heat, athletics, etc.) This savings caused fund equity to increase.

Cafeteria Fund. Increased reimbursement rates during the time schools were shut down during the COVID-19 crisis (from March to June) caused fund equity to increase \$84,181 from the prior year.

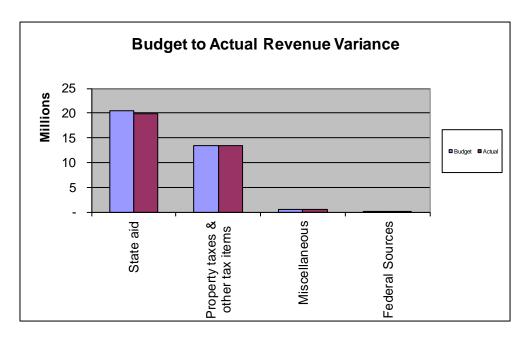
Fiduciary Funds. The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The District's general fund budget is prepared according to New York State law. During the 2019-2020 school year the original budget increased \$26,800. The increases were \$24,275 from prior year encumbrances, \$2,500 from donations and \$25 from Student charges.

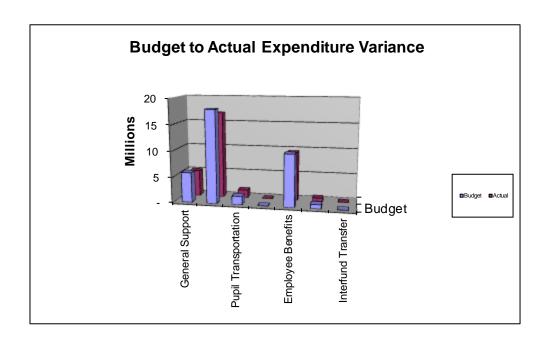
The budget increased 10.0% from 2018-2019 to 2019-2020, \$33,157,151 to \$36,466,476.

General fund actual revenues were under the budgeted amount by \$436,245. This was primarily due to a 20% reduction in State Aid.



	Budget	Actual	Variance
State aid	20,440,628	19,808,379	(632,249)
Property taxes & other tax items	13,482,926	13,476,487	(6,439)
Miscellaneous	431,184	569,756	138,572
Federal Sources	60,000	123,871	63,871
Total	34,414,738	33,978,493	(436,245)

General fund actual expenditures were less than the final budget by \$2,840,933. A portion of the savings, \$1,158,895 came from instructional spending. Within this area are costs associated with special education and budgeting can be difficult because there are many unknown factors. Another area that saw significant savings, \$635,561, was employee benefits. There were also fewer employees who retired also contributing to lower than expected health costs.



	Budget	Actual	Variance
General Support	5,837,208	5,111,246	(725,962)
Instructional	18,001,211	16,842,316	(1,158,895)
Pupil Transportation	1,648,903	1,519,104	(129,799)
Community Services	20,208	18,242	(1,966)
Employee Benefits	10,124,614	9,489,053	(635,561)
Debt Service	816,795	628,045	(188,750)
Interfund Transfer	44,337	44,337	-
Total	36,493,276	33,652,343	(2,840,933)

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

The District's capital assets as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Non-Depreciable Assets:		
Land	\$ 323,700	\$ 323,700
Construction in Process	2,672,315	338,547
Depreciable Assets:		
Building and Improvements	36,181,409	36,113,402
Machinery and Equipment	6,279,873	6,198,276
Total	\$ 45,457,297	\$ 42,973,925

The total increase in capital assets was \$1,428,776.

#### Debt

The District's total outstanding debt, as of June 30, 2020 was \$4,674,731, with \$413,856 due within one year. This amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the District with debt service fully funded by New York State building aid and voter approved property taxes.

#### **OUTSTANDING DEBT**

	 Beginning			Ending
Serial Bonds	\$ 3,775,000	-	\$	3,490,000
Installment Purchase Obligation	 1,294,644	_		1,184,731
	\$ 5,069,644	_	\$	4,674,731

#### Bond Ratings/Commitment for Capital Expenses/Debt Limitations

The District has been assigned an Aa3 rating by Moody's Investor Service. This rating reflects the District's strong ability to meet financial commitments, trend of satisfactory financial operations with historically ample reserves, manageable debt burden, and conservative management.

Currently, there are no outstanding commitments for capital expenses other than those already disclosed or any debt limitations that may affect financing.

#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

#### State Aid

The COVID-19 pandemic has had a significant impact on New York State's finances and revenues causing the state to reduce their payments to school districts. Beginning with any payments received from July 2020 on, New York State has automatically reduced every payment by 20%. It has yet to be determined if this is a permanent reduction or only a delay in payment.

The Saranac CSD depends greatly on state aid as a major source of revenue to support the budget and instruction of our students. In the 2019-20 school year, 58% of our revenues were from state aid, 40% were from school taxes, and the other 2% from other sources. If the 20% reduction is permanent the District's fund balance will be significantly reduced in the 2020-21 school year. In order to offset some of this unexpected aid reduction the District has reduced staff through attrition and is closely monitoring expenditures. If the situation remains unchanged there is also the possibility of mid-year cuts to reduce the impact of aid loss. Unfortunately, this is not a one year concern but a multi-year one. We are anticipating New York State to continue to decrease state aid payments and expect additional changes to the educational system.

#### School Taxes

As stated above, the District relies heavily on school taxes to support the budget. In 2011, New York State established the property tax cap law limiting school districts ability to raise taxes by 2% or the rate of inflation (whichever is less). This prevents districts from trying to increase school taxes to supplement the state aid reductions. With revenue sources limited, primarily to state aid and property taxes, it is difficult to keep up with rising costs to provide a quality education to our students.

#### Health Insurance

School districts are a people business, therefore; the majority of our expenses are salaries and benefits. Health insurance expenditures are a large percentage of our budget. Over the years we have seen significant increases in premium costs. The District participates in a BOCES Health Insurance Consortium where changes are continuing to be made to the plan to help with the rising costs of health care. The District's retiree costs are close to active employees and continuing to support these costs is challenging.

#### CONTACTING THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designated to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. The report complies with finance related laws and regulations. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Business Manager, Saranac Central School District, 32 Emmons Road, Dannemora, New York 12929.

## STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

ASSETS	Ju	ine 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019
Cash: Unrestricted	\$	5,047,147	\$	7,367,289
Restricted	Ф	4,039,569	Φ	4,357,850
Receivables:		4,039,309		4,337,630
Accounts receivable		6,791		2,843
Due from other governments		1,569,133		462,153
State and federal aid		1,192,348		743,857
Inventories		14,121		12,698
Capital assets, net		23,209,927		21,485,933
Net pension asset-proportionate share		1,936,610		1,278,921
Total Assets		37,015,646		35,711,544
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Other post employment benefits		11,735,572		11,844,295
Pensions		7,947,317		7,454,335
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		19,682,889		19,298,630
Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	56,698,535	\$	55,010,174
LIABILITIES				
Payables:				
Accounts payable	\$	1,306,268	\$	213,272
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	32,078	Ψ	30,427
Due to other funds		90		30,427 75
Due to other governments		115		271
Due to teacher's retirement system		1,160,625		1,384,191
Due to employee's retirement system		128,239		101,411
Unearned revenue		3,176		17,763
Accrued bond interest		16,008		17,414
Long-term liabilities				
Due and payable within one year:				
Bonds payable - current		300,000		285,000
Installment purchase - current		113,856		109,913
Due and payable after one year				
Bonds payable - non-current, including amortized bond premium		3,572,220		3,914,887
Installment purchase - non-current		1,070,875		1,184,731
Compensated absences payable		951,785		989,423
Other post employment benefits		89,988,036		84,376,239
Net pension liability-proportionate share  Total Liabilities		2,534,332		666,433
Total Liabilities		101,177,703		93,291,450
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Other post employment benefits		6,698,902		8,717,216
Pensions		2,875,811		1,818,266
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		9,574,713		10,535,482
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		18,152,976		15,991,402
Restricted		3,846,732		4,354,736
Unrestricted		(76,053,589)		(69,162,896)
Total Net Position		(54,053,881)		(48,816,758)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$	56,698,535	\$	55,010,174

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

			June 30	0, 2020	)			Ju	ne 30, 2019
			PROGRAM	REVE	NUES	NET	(EXPENSE)	NE	T (EXPENSE)
						RE\	/ENUE AND	RE	VENUE AND
FUNCTIONS/		CHA	RGES FOR	0	PERATING	CH	IANGES IN	С	HANGES IN
PROGRAMS	<b>EXPENSES</b>	SI	ERVICES		GRANTS	NE	T POSITION	NE	T POSITION
General support	\$ (5,951,138)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(5,951,138)	\$	(4,574,067)
Instruction	(18,303,289)		-		1,589,048		(16,714,241)		(17,107,302)
Pupil transportation	(1,532,960)		-		-		(1,532,960)		(1,377,256)
Community service	(18,242)		-		-		(18,242)		(16,799)
Employee benefits	(15,244,003)		-		-		(15,244,003)		(11,748,674)
Debt service	(189,060)		-		-		(189,060)		(205,552)
Capital outlay	(176,123)						(176,123)		(371,826)
School lunch program	 (243,704)		144,363		530,780		431,439		364,607
Total Functions	 			,					
and Programs	\$ (41,658,519)	\$	144,363	\$	2,119,828		(39,394,328)		(35,036,869)
GENERAL REVENUES  Real property taxes Other tax items Charges for services Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous State Sources Federal Sources Total General Revenues  Change in Net Position							11,471,119 2,005,368 140,523 92,512 25,248 343,760 19,954,804 123,871 34,157,205	_	11,004,442 2,088,585 70,402 134,428 110,774 538,655 18,969,879 152,188 33,069,353 (1,967,516)
Total Net Position - Beginning of Year							(48,816,758)		(46,849,242)
Total Net Position - End of Year						\$	(54,053,881)	\$	(48,816,758)

SARANAC CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT 3

#### BALANCE SHEET-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020 and 2019

ASSETS	GENERAL FUND		SPECIAL DEBT REVENUE SERVICE				CAPITAL ROJECTS		6/30/2020 TOTAL	6/30/2019 TOTAL		
Unrestricted cash	\$ 4,858,567	\$	188,580	\$		\$	-	\$	5,047,147	\$	7,367,289	
Restricted cash	2,228,110	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,610,491	Ψ	200,968	Ψ	4,039,569	Ψ	4,357,850	
Accounts receivable	2,220,110		6,791		-		200,500		6,791		2,843	
Due from other funds	1,574,262		48,311		8,131		_		1,630,704		337,792	
State and federal aid receivable	539,350		631,098		-		21,900		1,192,348		743,857	
Due from other governments	1,569,133		-		_		21,500		1,569,133		462,153	
Inventories	1,000,100		14,121		_		_		14,121		12,698	
Total Assets	\$ 10,769,422	\$	888,901	\$	1,618,622	\$	222,868	\$	13,499,813	\$	13,284,482	
		<u> </u>										
LIABILITIES Accounts poughls	\$ 251,582	\$	90	\$		\$	1,054,596	\$	1,306,268	\$	213,272	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 251,362 27,352	Ф	90 4,726	Ф	-	Ф	1,054,596	Þ	, ,	Ф	30,427	
	27,352				-		-		32,078		,	
Due to other governments	-		115		-		-		115		271	
Due to other funds	50,552		756,937		-		823,305		1,630,794		337,867	
Due to teachers' retirement system	1,160,625		-		-		-		1,160,625		1,384,191	
Due to employees' retirement system	120,812		7,427		-		-		128,239		101,411	
Unearned revenue	- 4 040 000		3,176				-		3,176		17,763	
Total Liabilities	1,610,923		772,471		<del>-</del>		1,877,901		4,261,295		2,085,202	
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable:												
Inventories	-		14,121		-		-		14,121		12,698	
Restricted:												
Capital projects	-		-		-		-		-		786,734	
Retirement contributions - ERS	1,138,345		-		-		-		1,138,345		1,123,385	
Retirement contributions - TRS	465,000		-		-		-		465,000		225,000	
Unemployment insurance	202,579		-		-		-		202,579		202,355	
Capital reserve	422,186		-		-		-		422,186		423,665	
Debt reserve	-		-		1,618,622		-		1,618,622		1,593,597	
Assigned:												
Appropriated fund balance	1,024,874		-		-		_		1,024,874		1,816,733	
School lunch	, , , <u>-</u>		102,309		-		_		102,309		19,551	
Encumbrances (Note 10)	153,952		· -		-		-		153,952		24,275	
Unassigned:	,								,		, -	
Tax reduction reserve	141,351		-		-		_		141,351		141,197	
Unassigned fund balance	5,610,212		-		-		(1,655,033)		3,955,179		4,830,090	
Total Fund Balances	9,158,499		116,430		1,618,622		(1,655,033)		9,238,518		11,199,280	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 10,769,422	\$	888,901	\$	1,618,622	\$	222,868	\$	13,499,813	\$	13,284,482	

SARANAC CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT 4

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

		General						<u>_</u>		6/30/2020		6/30/2019
				oecial venue	ç	Debt Service		apital ojects		TOTAL		TOTAL
REVENUES						-		0,00.0			-	
Real property taxes	\$	11,471,119	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,471,119	\$	11,004,442
Other tax items		2,005,368		-		-		-		2,005,368		2,088,585
Charges for services		140,523		-		-		-		140,523		70,402
Use of money and property		63,736		38		28,738		-		92,512		134,428
Sale of property and compensation for loss		25,248		-		-		-		25,248		110,774
Miscellaneous		340,249		3,511		-		-		343,760		538,655
State Sources		19,808,379		674,004		-		146,425		20,628,808		19,508,419
Federal sources		123,871	1,	445,824		-		-		1,569,695		1,353,453
Sales				144,363		-		-		144,363		227,712
Total Revenues		33,978,493	2,	267,740		28,738		146,425		36,421,396		35,036,870
EXPENDITURES												
General support		5,111,246		270,879		-		-		5,382,125		4,520,706
Instruction		16,842,316	1,	423,458		-		-		18,265,774		18,117,254
Pupil transportation		1,519,104		9,940		-		-		1,529,044		1,521,375
Community service		18,242		-		-		-		18,242		16,799
Employee benefits		9,489,053		277,972		-		-		9,767,025		9,393,382
Debt service		628,045		-		-		-		628,045		881,545
Capital outlay		-		-		-	2,	548,199		2,548,199		710,373
Cost of sales		-		243,704		-		-		243,704		206,152
Total Expenditures		33,608,006	2,	225,953		-	2,	548,199		38,382,158		35,367,586
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues												
over Expenditures		370,487		41,787		28,738	(2,	401,774)		(1,960,762)		(330,716)

Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	8,792,356	32,249	1,587,941	786,734	11,199,280	11,529,996
Excess (Deficiency) Revenues and Other Sources over Expenditures and Other Uses	366,143	84,181	30,681	(2,441,767)	(1,960,762)	(330,716)
Total Other Sources and Uses	(4,344)	42,394	1,943	(39,993)	-	-
Operating transfers in Operating transfers (out)	39,993 (44,337)	42,394	1,943	(39,993)	84,330 (84,330)	1,138,221 (1,138,221)
OTHER SOURCES AND USES						

## STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Private Purpose Trust Aç		Agency	6/30/2020 Total	6/30/2019 Total
ASSETS					
Cash Due from other funds	\$	133,704	\$ 116,701 90	\$ 250,405 90	\$ 190,663 75
Total Assets	\$	133,704	\$ 116,791	\$ 250,495	\$ 190,738
LIABILITIES					
Extraclassroom activities Other liabilities	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 62,273 54,518	\$ 62,273 54,518	\$ 43,719 6,168
Total Liabilities			116,791	116,791	49,887
NET POSITION					
Reserved for scholarships		133,704		133,704	140,851
Total Net Position		133,704		133,704	140,851
<b>Total Liabilities and Net Position</b>	\$	133,704	\$ 116,791	\$ 250,495	\$ 190,738

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	6/30/2020	6/30/2019
ADDITIONS	Expendable Trust	Expendable Trust
Gifts and contributions Use of money and property	\$ 970 129	\$ 1,681 143
Total Additions	1,099	1,824
DEDUCTIONS		
Scholarships	8,246	5,650
Changes in Net Position	(7,147)	(3,826)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	140,851	144,677
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 133,704	\$ 140,851

# RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	GC	TOTAL OVERNMENT FUNDS		LONG-TERM ASSETS, LIABILITIES		ASSIFICATION AND IMINATIONS	STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS TOTALS	
ASSETS								
Unrestricted cash	\$	5,047,147	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,047,147
Restricted cash		4,039,569		-		-		4,039,569
Accounts receivable		6,791		-		-		6,791
Due from other funds		1,630,704		-		(1,630,704)		-
State and federal aid receivable		1,192,348		-		-		1,192,348
Due from other governments		1,569,133		-		_		1,569,133
Inventories		14,121		-		_		14,121
Fixed assets		, <u>-</u>		23,209,927		_		23,209,927
Net pension asset-proportionate share		_		1,936,610		_		1,936,610
Total Assets		13,499,813		25,146,537		(1,630,704)		37,015,646
						, , , ,		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Other post employment benefits		_		11,735,572		_		11,735,572
Pensions		_		7,947,317		_		7,947,317
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources			-	19,682,889	-	_		19,682,889
Total Beleffed Gathlows of Resources				10,002,000				10,002,000
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of								
Resources		12 400 912		44,829,426		(1.630.704)		56,698,535
Resources		13,499,813		44,829,420		(1,630,704)		30,090,333
LIABILITIES			_		_		_	
Accounts payable	\$	1,306,268	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,306,268
Accrued liabilities		32,078		-		-		32,078
Accrued bond interest		-		16,008		-		16,008
Due to other funds		1,630,794		-		(1,630,704)		90
Due to other governments		115		-		-		115
Due to teachers' retirement system		1,160,625		-		-		1,160,625
Due to employees' retirement system		128,239		-		-		128,239
Unearned revenue		3,176		-		-		3,176
Bonds payable and other long-term debt		-		5,056,951		-		5,056,951
Compensated absences		-		951,785		-		951,785
Other post employment benefits		-		89,988,036		-		89,988,036
Net pension liability-proportionate share		-		2,534,332		_		2,534,332
Total Liabilities		4,261,295		98,547,112		(1,630,704)		101,177,703
						•		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Other post employment benefits		_		6,698,902		_		6,698,902
Pensions		_		2,875,811		_		2,875,811
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				9,574,713		_		9,574,713
. 3 20.0 0				5,5,. 10			-	5,5,. 10
FUND EQUITY/NET POSITION								
Total Fund Equity/ Net Position		9,238,518		(63,292,399)		_		(54,053,881)
Total I and Equity/ Not I obtain		3,230,310		(00,202,099)		_	-	(34,033,031)
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources								
and Fund Equity/NetPosition	\$	13,499,813	<b>c</b>	44,829,426	<b>c</b>	(4 620 704)	Ф	EG 600 E35
and rund Equity/Netrosition	Φ	13,499,013	\$	44,029,420	\$	(1,630,704)	\$	56,698,535

SARANAC CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT 8

# RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS-REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	GC	TOTAL VERNMENT	LONG-TERM CAPITAL REVENUE RELATED		LONG-TERM DEBT		RECLASSIFICATION AND		STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES		
REVENUES		FUNDS		XPENSES	ITEMS		ANSACTION		MINATIONS		TOTALS
Real property taxes	\$	11,471,119	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,471,119
Other tax items		2,005,368		-	-		-		-		2,005,368
Charges for services		140,523		-	-		-		-		140,523
Use of money and property		92,512		-	-		-		-		92,512
Sale of property and compensation for loss		25,248		-	-		-		-		25,248
Miscellaneous		343,760		-	-		-		-		343,760
State Sources		20,628,808		-	-		-		-		20,628,808
Federal sources		1,569,695		-	-		-		-		1,569,695
Sales		144,363		-	-		-		-		144,363
Total Revenues		36,421,396		-	-				-		36,421,396
EXPENDITURES											
General support		5,382,125		-	569,013		-		-		5,951,138
Instruction		18,265,774		(37,638)	75,153		-		-		18,303,289
Pupil transportation		1,529,044		-	3,916		=		-		1,532,960
Community service		18,242		-	-		-		-		18,242
Employee benefits		9,767,025		5,476,978	=		=		-		15,244,003
Debt service		628,045		(1,405)	-		(437,580)		-		189,060
Capital outlay		2,548,199		-	(2,372,076)		=		-		176,123
Cost of sales		243,704		-	-		-		-		243,704
Total Expenditures		38,382,158		5,437,935	(1,723,994)		(437,580)		-		41,658,519
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues											
over Expenditures		(1,960,762)		(5,437,935)	 1,723,994		437,580		-		(5,237,123)
OTHER SOURCES AND USES											
Operating transfers in		84,330		-	-		-		(84,330)		-
Operating transfers out		(84,330)		-	-		-		84,330		-
Total Other Sources and Uses		-		-	-		-		-		-
Net Change for the Year	\$	(1,960,762)	\$	(5,437,935)	\$ 1,723,994	\$	437,580	\$		\$	(5,237,123)

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting entity: The Saranac Central School District (District) is governed by the Education Law and other general laws of the State of New York. The governing body is the Board of Education of Saranac Central School (Board). The Board is the basic level of government, which has oversight responsibilities and control over all activities related to the public school education in the region of Saranac Central School District. The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in GASB pronouncements, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

<u>Extraclassroom Activity Funds:</u> The Extraclassroom activity funds of the Saranac Central School District represent funds of the students of the School District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the School District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The cash and investment balances are reported in the Trust and Agency Funds of the School District.

#### B. Basis of presentation

#### 1. District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of good or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operations or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### 2. Fund Functional Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are

presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The District elects to report all governmental funds as major funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - the general fund is the principal operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources, except those accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. Special revenue funds include the following funds:

- School Lunch Fund used to account for transactions for the School District food service programs.
- Special Aid Fund used to account for special operating projects or programs supported in whole, or in part, with federal funds or state grants.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - the capital projects funds are to account for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition, or construction or renovation of major capital facilities, or equipment.

<u>Debt Service</u> - the debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> - the fiduciary funds consist of private purpose trust funds and agency funds that are used to account for and report assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or funds. Private purpose trust funds include scholarship funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extra-classroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

#### C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions,

in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized by estimating how much will be collected during the ensuing fiscal year. Revenue from grants and donations is in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days (60 days for property taxes) after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred except for:

- a. Prepaids and inventory-type items are recognized at the time of purchase.
- Principal and interest on indebtedness are not recognized as an expenditure until due.
- c. Compensated absences, such as vacation and sick leave, which vests or accumulates, are charged as an expenditure when paid.
- d. Pension costs are recognized as an expenditure when billed by the state.
- e. The School District recognizes the cost of providing post-retirement health insurance coverage and survivor benefits by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the year paid.
- D. <u>Inventories</u>: Inventories of food and supplies in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value, which approximates market. Purchases of supplies in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and year-end inventory balances are not maintained.
- E. <u>Capital assets</u>: Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Acquisitions of equipment and capital facilities are treated as expenditures in the various funds of the School District, and are also reflected in the general fixed asset group of accounts. The assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	•	talization reshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	\$	5,000	Straight Line	20-50 years
Land Improvements	\$	5,000	Straight Line	15-30 years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	Straight Line	5-20 years

- F. Retirement plan: The School District provides retirement benefits for substantially all of its regular full-time employees through contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System and the New York State Employees' Retirement System. These systems provide various plans and options, some of which require employee contributions.
- G. <u>Property Taxes</u>: Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1st. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Clinton. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes is transmitted to the county for enforcement and is paid by the county to the District no later than the forthcoming April 1st.
- H. Other Assets: In the district-wide financial statements, bond issuance costs are capitalized and amortized over the life of the debt issue. In the funds statements these same cost are netted against bond proceeds and recognized in the period of issuance.
- I. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>: Unearned revenues arise when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability of unearned revenues is removed and revenues are recognized.
- J. <u>General long-term debt</u>: Bonds, capital notes and bond anticipation notes issued for capital projects are recognized when issued.

#### K. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

#### 1) General

The School District's policy relating to budgetary information as shown in the accompanying financial statements is as follows:

A public hearing is held upon completion and filing of the tentative budget. Subsequent to such public hearing, the budget is adopted by the Board of Education. The budget is then approved by the voters within the School District.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute limitations on

expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred.

The New York Uniform System of Accounts requires that fixed budgetary control be used for all governmental fund types.

Budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### 2) Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as part of assigned fund balance and such commitments will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

#### L. Equity Classifications:

District- wide statements:

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on those assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and is deemed to be available for general use by the district.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

#### Fund statements:

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

**Non-spendable** fund balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded

in the School Lunch Fund of \$14,121.

**Restricted** – includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The School District has established the following restricted fund balances:

#### Capital

According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

#### **Debt Service**

According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Mandatory Reserve for Debt must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of School District property or capital improvement.

#### **Retirement Contributions**

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

#### Tax Certiorari

According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

#### **Unemployment Insurance**

According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to State Unemployment Insurance fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by

budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the School District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

**Committed** – Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The School District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2020.

**Assigned** – Includes amounts that are constrained by the school district's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General fund are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund.

**Unassigned** – Includes all other General Fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the School District.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

#### Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

- M. <u>Reclassifications:</u> Certain amounts in the 2019 financial statements may have been reclassified to conform to the 2020 presentation.
- N. Events Occurring After Reporting Date: The District has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2020 and September 23, 2020, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements.
- O. <u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.
- P. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources:</u> In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the differences between expected and actual experience and changes of assumptions. The second item is. District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date. The third item relates to OPEB reporting in the district-wide statement of Net Position. This amount represents employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, differences between expected and actual experience, and changes of assumptions.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net position. This represents the differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, changes in proportion, and net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. The second item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This amount represents changes in assumptions.

#### Q. New Accounting Standards:

The District has adopted and implemented all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable as of June 30, 2020.

## Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources of the governmental funds.

#### A. Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net assets of governmental activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differs from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, with their original costs capitalized and depreciation expensed annually over their useful lives.

Because the governmental funds focus on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (for example, receivables) are offset by deferred revenue in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in the fund balance. They are, however, included in the net position of the governmental activities. As of June 30, 2020 the District did not have any assets unavailable to pay for current-period expenditures.

Long-term liabilities are reported in the Statements of Net Position, but not in the governmental funds, because they are not due and payable in the current period. Balances at year-end were:

# Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

#### Explanation of Differences Between Governmental Fund Balances and District Wide Net Assets

Ending fund balance reported on governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance (Exhibit 3)	\$	9,238,518
Capital assets net of related depreciation		23,209,927
Net pension asset Deferred outflows:		1,936,610
Pensions - TRS		6,221,137
Pensions - ERS		1,726,180
Other post employment benefits		11,735,572
Liabilities, long term  Accrued bond interest  Bonds payable, including bond premium  Other post employment benefits  Compensated absences  Net pension liability  Deferred inflows:  Pensions - TRS  Pensions - ERS  Other post employment benefits		(16,008) (5,056,951) (89,988,036) (951,785) (2,534,332) (2,827,709) (48,102) (6,698,902)
Ending net position reported on Statement of Activities for	•	(54.050.001)
governmental activities (Exhibit 1)	_\$_	(54,053,881)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities.

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

#### 1. Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

## Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

#### 2. Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

#### 3. Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur as a result of proceeds from serial bonds reflected as revenue in governmental funds whereas they are a liability on the statement of net position. Also both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

#### 4. Other Post-Employment Benefits Differences

Other post-employment benefits occur because retiree health insurance premiums are paid and recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements as incurred. GASB 75 requires an actuarial calculation of the future liability and to record the OPEB Obligation in the Statement of Net Position.

#### 5. Pension Differences

Pension Differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

# Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

Following are reconciliations of revenues and expenditures Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities.

## Explanation of Differences Between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities

#### Total Revenues and other Funding Sources

Total revenues and other funding sources of governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 36,421,396
No changes	 
Total revenues of governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 8)	\$ 36,421,396
Total Expenditures/Expenses	
Total expenditures reported in governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 38,382,158
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses (compensated absences) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Compensated absences used was greater than the amount earned during the year. (Exhibit 8)	(37,638)
	(37,030)
When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current year. (Exhibit 8)	
	(1,723,994)
In the Statement of Activities, accrued interest expense is measured by the amount accrued at the end of the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Accrued interest was less than the amount accrued during the prior year. (Exhibit 8)	
accrace during the prior year. (Exhibit of	(1,405)
OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liablilty and differences between the Ditstrict's contributions and OPEB expense.	3,702,205
(Increases) decreases in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for, or require, the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in governmental funds.	
Teachers' Retirement System Employees' Retirement System	1,293,135 481,638
The following items are reported as expenditures and other uses in the governmental funds, but reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets, and does not effect the Statement of Activities: (Exhibit 2)	
Repayment of bonds Bond amortization	 (394,913) (42,667)
Total expenses reported on the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 8)	\$ 41,658,519

#### Note 3. Cash and Investments

The District's investment policies are governed by State statues and the District's own written policy. District monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposits. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposits not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities and Districts.

At June 30, 2020, the District's bank balances totaled \$10,491,286, of which \$936,279 was covered by Federal depository insurance and \$9,555,007 was covered by collateral held by the pledging banks in the District's name.

#### Note 4. Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund balances and activity at June 30, 2020 and for the fiscal year then ended, were as follows:

		Interfund		Interfund Interfund		Interfund		Interfund
Fund Type	F	Receivable		Payable		Revenues		xpenditures
General	\$	1,574,262	\$	50,552	\$	39,993	\$	44,337
Special Revenue:								
School lunch		73		6,792		-		-
Special aid		48,238		750,145		42,394		-
Capital		-		823,305		-		39,993
Agency		90		-		-		-
Debt service		8,131		-		1,943		<u> </u>
Total	\$	1,630,794	\$	1,630,794	\$	84,330	\$	84,330

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the statement of Net Position.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

The District typically transfers money from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund for its share of special aid programs.

The District transferred money from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund for its share of a capital project.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

### Note 5. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

	June 30, 2019 Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements/ Reclassification		lune 30, 2020 Ending Balance
Governmental activities					_
Capital assets that					
are not depreciated:					
Land	\$ 323,700	\$ -	\$ -	9	323,700
Construction in progress	338,547	2,372,076	38,308	3	2,672,315
	662,247	2,372,076	38,308	3	2,996,015
Capital assets that					
are depreciated:					
Buildings	34,752,952	68,007	-		34,820,959
Land improvements	1,360,450	-	-		1,360,450
Machinery and equipment	2,708,116	194,295	-		2,902,411
Licensed Vehicles	3,490,160	370,120	482,818	3	3,377,462
Total depreciable historical cost	42,311,678	632,422	482,818	3	42,461,282
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	16,579,870	582,461	-		17,162,331
Land improvements	1,173,996	16,251	-		1,190,247
Machinery and equipment	1,665,067	269,448	-		1,934,515
Licensed Vehicles	2,069,059	374,036	482,818	3	1,960,277
Total accumulated depreciation	21,487,992	1,242,196	482,818	}	22,247,370
Total depreciable historical cost, net	20,823,686	(609,774)	-		20,213,912
Total Capital Assets	\$ 21,485,933	\$ 1,762,302	\$ 38,308	3 \$	23,209,927

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support	\$	598,712
Instruction		269,448
Pupil transportation		374,036
Total depreciation	\$	1,242,196
	_	

### Note 6. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting / termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

### Note 7. Indebtedness

### Short-term Debt:

<u>Bond Anticipation Notes</u> – Notes issued in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the bonds. Such notes may be classified as long-term debt when (1) the intention is to refinance the debt on a long-term basis and (2) the intention can be substantiated through a post balance-sheet issuance of long-term debt or by an acceptable financing agreement. State law requires that bond anticipation notes issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date. At June 30, 2020, the District has no outstanding Bond Anticipation Notes.

Long-term Debt: The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt:

	Balance			Balance
	6/30/2019	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2020
Serial Bond 2014	\$ 3,775,000	\$ -	\$ 285,000	\$ 3,490,000
Installment Purchase 2013	1,294,644	-	109,913	1,184,731
Compensated Absences	989,423	-	37,638	951,785
Other Post Employment Benefits	84,376,239	5,611,797	-	89,988,036
Bond premiums, net of amortization	424,887	-	42,667	382,220
Total	\$ 90,860,193	\$ 5,611,797	\$ 475,218	\$ 95,996,772

### Note 7. Indebtedness (continued)

		Final	Interest	C	Outstanding
Description of Issue	Issue Date	Maturity	Rate	;	at 6/30/20
Serial Bond 2014	6/10/2014	6/15/2030	5.00%	\$	3,490,000
Installment Purchase 2013	9/6/2013	4/15/2029	3.540%		1,184,731
Plus: Bond premium, net of amortization					382,220
Total				\$	5,056,951

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 413,856 \$	214,939 \$	628,795
2022	432,940	195,855	628,795
2023	452,171	175,874	628,045
2024	471,554	154,991	626,545
2025	496,093	133,202	629,295
2026-2030	 2,408,117	303,562	2,711,679
	\$ 4,674,731 \$	1,178,423 \$	5,853,154

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of :

Interest paid	\$ 233,132
Less: interest accrued in the prior year amortization of bond premium	(17,414) (42,667)
Plus: interest accrued in the current year	 16,009
	\$ 189,060

### Note 8. Pensions

### **General information**

The District participates in the New York Teachers' retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

### Provisions and administrations

### **Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)**

The System is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of State statute. Additional information regarding the System, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 of by referring to the NYSSTR Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at <a href="https://www.nystrs.org">www.nystrs.org</a>.

### **Employees' Retirement System (ERS)**

The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of State statute. The District also participated in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

### Funding policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education law.

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

### **CONTRIBUTIONS**

	 ERS	TRS
2020	\$ 402,583	\$ 1,383,715
2019	\$ 428,639	\$ 1,187,954
2018	\$ 425,816	\$ 1,391,849

ERS has provided additional disclosures for entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57, and 105.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020 the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the System relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	3/31/2020	6/30/2019
Net Pension asset/(liability)	\$ (2,534,332) \$	1,936,610
District's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension asset/(liability)	0.0095705%	0.074542%
Change in proportion since the prior		
measurement date	\$ (1,867,899) \$	657,689

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District's recognized pension expense of \$429,411 for ERS and \$1,096,378 for TRS. At June 30, 2020 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources			
		<u>ERS</u>		TRS	 <u>ERS</u>		TRS
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	149,156	\$	1,312,391	\$ -	\$	144,010
Changes of assumptions		51,029		3,658,516	44,063		892,050
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,299,222		-	-		1,553,062
Changes in proportion and differences between the Districts' contributions and proportionate share of contributions		100,569		153,375	4,039		238,587
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		126,204		1,096,854	-		-
Total	\$	1,726,180	\$	6,221,136	\$ 48,102	\$	2,827,709

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follow:

	ERS	TRS
Year ended:		
2020	\$ -	\$ 872,604
2021	282,004	52,048
2022	395,193	869,428
2023	489,300	562,826
2024	385,377	44,870
Thereafter		(105,203)
Total	\$ 1,551,874	\$ 2,296,573

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward to total pension liability to the measurement date.

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions:

Measurement date	<u>ERS</u> 3/31/2020	<u>TRS</u> 6/30/2019
Actuarial valuation date	4/1/2019	6/30/2018
Interest rate	6.8%	7.10%
Salary scale	4.2%	1.90%-4.72%
Decrement tables	April1, 2010- March 31, 2015 System's Experience	July 1, 2009- June 30,2014 System Experience
Inflation rate	2.5%	2.20%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP2018.

For ERS, the Actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2019 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement Date	3/31/2020	6/30/2019
Asset Type:	%	%
Domestic equity	4.05	6.30
International equity	6.15	7.80
Private equity	6.75	9.90
Real estate	4.95	4.60
Absolute return strategies	3.25	-
Domestic fixed income securities	-	1.30
Mortgages and bonds	0.75	-
Opportunistic portfolio	4.65	-
Real assets	5.95	-
Cash equivalents	-	0.30
Inflation-indexed bonds	0.50	-
Private debt	-	6.50
Global equities	-	7.20
Global bonds	-	0.90
High-yield bonds	-	3.60
Real estate debt	-	2.90
, <b>m</b> ,		

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions form plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net positon was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# <u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share for the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.8% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS, as well as what the Districts' proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (5.8% for ERS and 6.10% for TRS) or 1% higher (7.8% for ERS and 8.10% for TRS) than the current rate:

ERS	1%		Current		1%		
	Decrease		Assumption		Increase		
	5.8%		6.8%		7.8%		
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$	(4,651,216)	\$	(2,534,332)	\$	(584,674)	
TRS	1%		Current		1%		
	Decrease		Assumption		Increase		
	6.10%		7.10%		8.10%		
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$	(8,741,657)	\$	1,936,610	\$	10,894,471	

### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	ERS		 TRS	Total			
Valuation date		3/31/2020	6/30/2019				
Employers' total pension asset/(liability)	\$	(194,596,261)	\$ (119,879,473,882)	\$	(120,074,070,143)		
Plan Net Position		168,115,682	122,477,480,654		122,645,596,336		
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	\$	(26,480,579)	\$ 2,598,006,772	\$	2,571,526,193		
Ratio of plan net position to the Employers' total pension asset / (liability)		-86.39%	102.17%		102.14%		

### Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$128,239.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2020 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contribution for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$1,160,625.

### Note 9. Post-Employment (Health Insurance) Benefits

The District provides post-employment (health insurance, etc.) coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District's contractual agreements. Post-employment benefits aggregating \$3,206,332 for 195 employees were charged to expenses/ expenditures in the Governmental Funds in the current year.

### A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

*Employees Covered by Benefit Terms* – At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	187
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	261
	448

### B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$89,988,036 was measured as of July 1, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as July 1, 2018.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.4 percent
Salary Increases	3.4 percent
Discount Rate	3.5 percent

### Note 9. Post-Employment (Health Insurance) Benefits (continued)

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

7.0 percent for 2020, decreasing annually to an ultimate rate of 3.94 percent for 2079 and later years

The discount rate was based on Bond Buyer Weekly 20-Bond GO Index.

Mortality rates were based on the RPH-2014 Mortality Table, as appropriate, with generational mortality adjusted to 2006 using scale MP-2018.

### C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 84,376,239
Changes for the Year-	
Service Cost	2,808,156
Interest	3,327,995
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	1,855,022
Benefit payments	(2,379,376)
Net Changes	5,611,797
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 89,988,036

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.87% percent in 2019 to 3.50% percent in 2020.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.50 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 105,855,178	\$ 89,988,036	\$ 77,303,167

### Note 9. Post-Employment (Health Insurance) Benefits (continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare					
	1%	Cost Trend	1%				
	Decrease	Rates	Increase				
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 75,083,170	\$ 89,988,036	\$ 109,426,775				

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$6,241,201. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 7,641,235	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1,555,342	6,698,902
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,538,995	
Total	\$ 11,735,572	\$ 6,698,902

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		Amount
2021	\$	105,050
2022		105,050
2023		105,050
2024	1,559,257	
2025		566,326
2026 and Thereafter		56,942
	\$	2,497,675

### **Note 10. Assigned Fund Balance – Encumbrances**

Assigned Fund Balance – Encumbrances as follows:

General Fund	2020	_	2019
General Support	\$ -		\$ 13,777
Finance	1,180		-
Central Services	250		-
Teaching - Regular School	177		-
Programs for Children with Handicapping	44,653		-
Instructional media	10,270		10,498
Pupil services	19,299		-
Employee benefits	78,123		-
	\$ 153,952	_	\$ 24,275

### Note 11. Commitments and Contingencies

<u>Risk Financing and Related Insurance</u> - The Saranac Central School District is exposed to the risk of various types of loss which includes torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and injuries to employees and students. These risks, and settled claims, are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

The District participates in the Clinton-Essex-Warren-Washington BOCES Health Insurance Consortium, a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its employee health and accident insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of the individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide unlimited coverage for its members per insured event. The pool obtains independent coverage for insured events, and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

The District participates in the Clinton-Essex-Warren-Washington BOCES Workers Compensation Insurance Consortium, a risk-sharing pool, to insure Workers' Compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to Workers' Compensation claims. The District has no liability as of June 30, 2020.

The District has received Federal and State Aid/Grants which are subject to audit by agencies of the Federal and State governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds to the Federal and State governments. The District believes disallowances, not previously provided for, if any, will be immaterial.

The District has been notified of potential litigation under the Child Victims Act. At this time, the District's attorney estimates that recovery could be from \$0 to \$250,000, based on other similar cases. The District has been unable to determine if it has insurance coverage to pay a claim.

### Note 12. Joint Venture

The Saranac Central School is one of 16 component school districts in the Clinton-Essex-Warren-Washington Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities.

BOCES are organized under Section 1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (Section 1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards are also considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7).

There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section 1950 of the Education Law.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Saranac Central School District was billed \$3,302,035 for BOCES administrative and program costs. Participating school districts issue debt on behalf of BOCES. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Saranac Central School District issued no serial bonds on behalf of BOCES. However, per a joint agreement signed March 1, 2019, the District is responsible for their share of the current BOCES capital project amounting to \$3,178,083, of which, \$1,090,000 was expended during the year ended June 30, 2019. The balance of \$2,088,083 was paid via 2019/20 appropriations. General-purpose financial statements for the Clinton-Essex-Warren-Washington BOCES are available from BOCES administrative office at P.O. Box 485, Plattsburgh, New York. The District's share of BOCES income amounted to \$2,137,973. BOCES also refunded the District \$134,813 for excess expenses billed in prior years.

### Note 13. Stewardship

The District's unassigned general fund balance was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law Section 1318 limit, which restricts it to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year. The unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2020 was \$5,610,212 which represents 16.34% of next year's budget. The excess amounted to \$4,237,031.

The Capital Project Fund has a negative fund balance of \$1,655,033. The District anticipates replenishing the negative balance through State Aid, General Fund appropriations, or the issuance of long-term bonds.

### Note 14. Prior Period Information

Comparative prior period information has been presented in summary form. This information was derived from the District's June 30, 2019 financial statements, and in our report dated September 23, 2019 we expressed an unmodified opinion.

### Note 15: COVID-19

On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) a global pandemic and recommended containment and mitigation measures worldwide. Because of the pandemic, the District will be offering a mix of in-person and remote learning in the 2020-2021 school year. The District cannot reasonably estimate the length of severity of the pandemic, or the extent to which the disruption may materially impact its financial position, results of operations, or cash flows for fiscal 2021 and beyond.

Beginning with payments received in July 2020, New York State began withholding 20% of all payments due to the District until further notice. At this time, it is unclear whether the 20% reduction is just delayed or permanent.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	Sı	pecial Aid		School Lunch	6	/30/2020 Total	6	/30/2019 Total
ASSETS		occiai Aid		Larion		Total		Total
Unrestricted cash	\$	160,073	\$	28,507	\$	188,580		179,635
Accounts receivable	•	-	•	6,791	•	6,791		2,843
State and federal aid receivable		546,740		84,358		631,098		135,362
Due from other funds		48,238		73		48,311		483
Inventories		-		14,121		14,121		12,698
Total assets	\$	755,051	\$	133,850	\$	888,901	\$	331,021
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	90	\$	-	\$	90		9,974
Accrued liabilities		1,640		3,086		4,726		81
Due to other funds		750,145		6,792		756,937		270,923
Due to other governments		-		115		115		271
Due to TRS		-		-		-		32
Due to ERS		-		7,427		7,427		14,315
Unearned revenue		3,176		-		3,176		3,176
Total liabilities		755,051		17,420		772,471		298,772
Fund Balance:								
Nonspendable								
Inventory		-		14,121		14,121		12,698
Assigned								
School Lunch		-		102,309		102,309		19,551
Total fund balance		-		116,430		116,430		32,249
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	755,051	\$	133,850	\$	888,901	\$	331,021

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

REVENUES	Special Aid	School Lunch	6/30/2020 Total	6/30/2019 Total
Use of Money and Property	\$ -	\$ 38	\$ 38	\$ 35
Miscellaneous	Ψ -	φ 3,511	3,511	9,927
State Sources	658,065	15,939	674,004	538,540
Federal Sources	930,983	514,841	1,445,824	1,201,265
Sales	930,963	144,363	144,363	
Total revenues	1,589,048	678,692	2,267,740	227,712 1,977,479
rotal revenues	1,303,040	070,092	2,201,140	1,977,479
EXPENDITURES				
General Support	-	270,879	270,879	292,998
Instruction	1,423,458	-	1,423,458	1,139,221
Pupil Transportation	9,940	-	9,940	11,907
Employee Benefits	198,044	79,928	277,972	352,837
Cost of sales	-	243,704	243,704	206,152
Total expenditures	1,631,442	594,511	2,225,953	2,003,115
OTHER SOURCES				
Operating Transfers In	42,394	-	42,394	19,500
Total Other Sources	42,394		42,394	19,500
Excess (deficit) of revenues and other				
sources over expenditures	\$ -	\$ 84,181	\$ 84,181	\$ (6,136)

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

Adopted budget		\$ 36,466,476
Additions: Encumbrances - fiscal year 2019 Gifts and donations Student Charges	\$ 24,275 2,500 25	
Total additions		26,800

### **SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION**

2020-21 expenditure budget

Revised budget

\$ 34,329,522

\$ 36,493,276

Maximum allowed (4% of 2020-21 budget)

General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:

Unrestricted fund balance: Committed fund balance Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total unrestricted fund balance	\$	1,178,826 5,751,563 6,930,389	
Less: Appropriated fund balance Insurance recovery reserve Tax reduction reserve Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance Total adjustments	\$	1,024,874 - 141,351 153,952 1,320,177	
General Fund Fund Balance Subjuct to Section 1318 of Real Property	Tax La	ıw	\$ 5,610,212
Actual percentage			 16.34%

# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Real property taxes	\$ 11,372,926	\$ 11,372,926	\$ 11,471,119	\$ 98,193
Other tax items	2,110,000	2,110,000	2,005,368	(104,632)
Charges for services	62,859	62,884	140,523	77,639
Use of money and property	52,000	52,000	63,736	11,736
Sale of property and compensation for loss	30,000	30,000	25,248	(4,752)
Miscellaneous	283,800	286,300	340,249	53,949
State sources	20,440,628	20,440,628	19,808,379	(632,249)
Federal sources	60,000	60,000	123,871	63,871
Total Revenues	34,412,213	34,414,738	33,978,493	(436,245)
Other Financing Sources				
Interfund Transfers	237,530	237,530	39,993	
Appropriated Reserves	<u> </u>	24,275	<u> </u>	_
Total Unreserved Fund Balance	237,530	261,805	39,993	•
Total revenues and appropriated fund balance	\$ 34,649,743	\$ 34,676,543	\$ 34,018,486	

	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Year-end Encumbrances	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Acutal and Encumbrances
Expenditures:					
General support:					
Board of education	\$ 16,250		•	\$ -	\$ 4,927
Central administration	240,684	,	194,475	-	45,109
Finance	302,044	,	292,220	1,180	8,003
Staff	86,364	,	86,470	-	1,035
Central services	1,947,363		1,692,619	250	268,271
Special items	3,230,726	3,230,726	2,833,539	-	397,187
Instructional:					
Instruction, administration and improvement	974,862	973,513	901,438	-	72,075
Teaching - regular school	8,199,699	8,189,690	7,855,283	177	334,230
Programs for Children with Handicapping	5,582,875	5,584,305	5,084,030	44,653	455,622
Occupational Education	835,977	805,376	775,842	-	29,534
Instructional media	673,045	725,294	696,531	10,270	18,493
Pupil service	1,721,755	1,723,033	1,529,192	19,299	174,542
Pupil transportation	1,648,227	1,648,903	1,519,104	-	129,799
Community Services	20,859	20,208	18,242	-	1,966
Employee benefits	10,133,951	10,124,614	9,489,053	78,123	557,438
Debt Service	816,795	816,795	628,045	-	188,750
Total expenditures	36,431,476	36,448,939	33,608,006	153,952	2,686,981
Other uses:					
Interfund transfer	35,000	44,337	44,337	-	-
Total expenditures and other uses	\$ 36,466,476	\$ 36,493,276	33,652,343	\$ 153,952	\$ 2,686,981
Net change in fund balance	(1,816,733	) (1,816,733)	366,143		
Fund balance - beginning	8,792,356	8,792,356	8,792,356		
Fund balance - ending	\$ 6,975,623	\$ 6,975,623	\$ 9,158,499		

# SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

								Methods	s of Financing		_
Project Title	Original Appropriation	Revised Appropriation	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	(Over-expended) Unexpended Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	State Aid	Local Sources	Total	Fund Balance June 30, 2019
Upgrades Phase 3 SES Roof Capital Project	\$ 499,330 108,000 19,200,000	\$ 610,837 108,000 19,200,000	\$ 610,837 38,308 300,239	\$ - 69,692 2,332,082	\$ 610,837 108,000 2,632,321	-	\$ 600,000 - -	\$ - -	\$ 21,557 \$ 108,000 1,017,281	621,557 108,000 1,017,281	\$ 10,720 - (1,615,040)
Smart Schools Total Project	1,738,450 \$ 21,545,780	1,738,450 \$ 21,657,287	807,585 \$1,756,969	146,425 \$ 2,548,199	954,010 \$ 4,305,168	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$ 600,000	954,010 \$ 954,010	- \$ 1,146,838 \$	954,010 2,700,848	\$ (1,604,320)

Transferred to General Fund (50,713)

\$ (1,655,033)

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020		2019	2018
Measurment Date	J	luly 1, 2019	J	uly 1, 2018	July 1, 2017
Total OPEB Liability:					
Service Cost	\$	2,808,156	\$	2,437,243	\$ 3,164,420
Interest		3,327,995		2,662,287	2,302,372
Changes in benefit terms		-		-	-
Differences between expected and acutal experience in the Measurement of the total OPEB liability		-		11,288,603	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		1,855,022		(2,601,551)	(9,732,010)
Benefit payments		(2,379,376)		(1,851,049)	(1,829,227)
Net change in total OPEB liability		5,611,797		11,935,533	(6,094,445)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		84,376,239		72,440,706	78,535,151
Total OPEB liability - Ending	\$	89,988,036	\$	84,376,239	\$72,440,706
Covered payroll	\$	16,175,567	\$	16,331,362	\$16,250,580
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		551%		572%	446%

<sup>10</sup> years of historical information will not be available upon implementation. An additional year of historical information will be added each ear subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is available.

### **NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS** Year Ended June 30, 2020

Capital Assets, Net	\$23,209,927
Deduct:	
Short-term portion of bonds and notes payable Long-term portion of bonds and notes payable	413,856 4,260,875
Premiums included with bonds payable	382,220
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 18,152,976

# SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Year Ended June 30, 2020

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0095705%	0.0094059%	0.0100000%	0.0094871%	0.0096412%	0.0098124%				
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,534,332	\$ 666,433	\$ 302,105	\$ 891,425 \$	1,547,443	331,488				
District's covered- employee payroll	\$	3,667,824	\$ 3,525,571	\$ 3,039,227	\$ 2,690,714 \$	2,870,811	2,782,289				
Districts proportionate share of the net pens liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	ion	69.10%	18.90%	9.94%	33.13%	53.90%	11.91%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	of	-86.39%	-96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.95%				

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 06/30

### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS Year Ended June 30, 2020

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually required contribution	\$ 402,583	\$ 428,639	\$ 425,816	\$ 418,769	\$ 477,165	\$ 529,606	\$ 531,585	\$ 543,262	\$ 368,545	\$ 331,058
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 402,583	\$ 428,639	\$ 425,816	\$ 418,769	\$ 477,165	\$ 529,606	\$ 531,585	\$ 543,262	\$ 368,545	\$ 331,058
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Districts covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,667,824	\$ 3,525,571	\$ 3,039,227	\$ 2,690,714	\$ 2,870,811	\$ 2,782,289				
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	11.0%	12.2%	14.0%	15.6%	16.6%	19.0%				

### SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY Year Ended June 30, 2020

NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years\*

		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		-0.074542%	-0.070726%	-0.071953%	0.071985%	-0.073911%	-0.075852%	-0.075199%			
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(1,936,610)	\$ (1,278,921)	\$ (546,912)	\$ 770,988 \$	(7,677,012) \$	(8,449,478)	\$ (494,997)			
District's covered- employee payroll	\$	12,507,743	\$ 12,709,287	\$ 11,708,690	\$11,323,099 \$	11,292,665 \$	11,262,739				
Districts proportionate share of the net pensi liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	on	-15.48%	-10.06%	-4.67%	6.81%	-67.98%	-75.02%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	f	-102.2%	-101.5%	-100.7%	99.0%	-110.5%	-111.5%				

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 06/30

### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS Year Ended June 30, 2020

NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,321,372	\$ 1,129,013	\$ 1,336,329	\$ 1,472,919	\$ 1,946,261	\$1,820,743	\$1,350,592	\$1,250,047	\$1,024,594	\$ 798,562
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,321,372	\$ 1,129,013	\$ 1,336,329	\$ 1,472,919	\$ 1,946,261	\$1,820,743	\$1,350,592	\$1,250,047	\$ 1,024,594	\$ 798,562
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Districts covered-employee payroll	\$ 12,507,743	\$12,709,287	\$11,708,690	\$11,323,099	\$ 11,292,665					
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	10.56%	8.88%	11.41%	13.01%	17.23%					

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Federal	Pass-Through Entity	
	CFDA	Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
			,
U.S. Department of Education			
Pass-Through New York State Department of Education:			
Special Education Cluster:			
IDEA Part B Section 611	84.027A	0032-20-0141	\$ 423,749
IDEA Part B Section 619	84.173A	0033-20-0141	19,302
Total Special Education Cluster			443,051
Title I	84.010A	0021-19-0515	50,052
Title I	84.010A	0021-20-0515	331,680
Title II Principal & Teacher	84.367A	0147-19-0515	15,858
Title II Principal & Teacher	84.367A	0147-20-0515	58,929
Title IV SSAE Allocation	84.424A	0204-19-0515	4,195
Title IV SSAE Allocation		0204-20-0515	27,218
Total U.S. Department of Education			930,983
U.S. Department of Agriculture:			
Pass-Through New York State Department of Education:			
National School Lunch Program - Cash	10.555		322,373
National School Lunch Program - Commodities	10.555		35,688
School Breakfast Program	10.553		156,780
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			514,841
Total Department of Agriculture			514,841
Total Federal Assistance Expended			\$ 1,445,824

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS June 30, 2020

### Note 1. Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented. The District's policy is not to charge federal award programs with indirect costs.

### **BOULRICE & WOOD CPAS, P.C.**

### **Certified Public Accountants**

MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

STEPHEN P. WOOD, CPA

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Saranac Central School District Saranac, New York 12981

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Saranac Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Saranac Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2020.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Saranac Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Saranac Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Saranac Central School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Saranac Central School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies. The finding is referenced as 20-001.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Saranac Central School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government *Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 20-001.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government *Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC

September 23, 2020

### **BOULRICE & WOOD CPAS, P.C.**

### **Certified Public Accountants**

MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

STEPHEN P. WOOD, CPA

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Saranac Central School District Saranac, New York 12981

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Saranac Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on Saranac Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Saranac Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its major federal programs.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Saranac Central School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Saranac Central School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Saranac Central School District's compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Saranac Central School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Saranac Central School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Saranac Central School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Saranac Central School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs. PC

September 23, 2020

### SARANAC CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### **SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS**

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
- Material weakness(es) identified?	yesx_no
<ul> <li>Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>	xyesnone reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes <u>x</u> no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
- Material weakness(es) identified?	yesx_no
<ul> <li>Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be a material weakness?</li> </ul>	yesx_none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)	yes <u>x</u> no
Identification of Major Programs	
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010A	Title I
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk Auditee?	x yes no

### SARANAC CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2020

#### **SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### 20-001 Excess Fund Balance

Condition: The District's unassigned general fund balance was 16.34% of next year's budget.

Effect: The District's unassigned general fund balance was 12.34% or \$4,237,031 over the amount allowable by law.

Criteria: According to New York State Real Property Tax Law Section 1318, a district's unappropriated fund balance may not exceed an amount equal to 4% of next year's budget.

Recommendation: We recommend the District keep in mind this rule when preparing the next year's budget.

Corrective Action: Saranac Central School District has taken a conservative approach to spending as State Aid funding remains uncertain. The Board of Education plans to use its fund balance in future budgets to provide stability to taxpayers in a fiscally responsible manner.

### **SECTION III - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS**

There were no current period findings or questioned costs.

### SARANAC CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2020

There were no prior year audit findings.

### **BOULRICE & WOOD CPAS, P.C.**

### **Certified Public Accountants**

MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

STEPHEN P. WOOD, CPA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board Saranac Central School District Saranac, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and fund balance – cash basis and the related statement of receipts, disbursements and ending balances – cash basis of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Saranac Central School District as of and for the year June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and minimum program procedures established by the New York State Department of Education. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and fund balance – cash basis of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Saranac Central School District as of June 30, 2020, and its receipts, disbursements and ending balances – cash basis thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

### **Basis of Accounting**

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC September 23, 2020

# SARANAC CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

# STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS June 30, 2020 and 2019

Assets	6/30/2020		6/30/2019	
Cash Total Assets	\$ \$	62,273 62,273	\$	43,719 43,719
Fund Balance				
Extraclassroom Activity Total Fund Balance	\$ \$	62,273 62,273	\$	43,719 43,719

# SARANAC CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

# STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND ENDING BALANCES Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Balance	
Activity	June 30, 2019	Receipts	Disbursements	June 30, 2020
Saranac HS Art Club	\$ 115	\$ -	\$ 34	\$ 81
Saranac HS Band	836	58,549	55,799	3,586
Saranac HS Class of 2019	187	-	187	-
Saranac HS Class of 2020	3,314	5,670	8,817	167
Saranac HS Class of 2021	8,744	9,126	1,390	16,480
Saranac HS Class of 2022	789	7,700	3,315	5,174
Saranac HS Class of 2023	-	5,613	4,692	921
Saranac HS Drama Club	8,532	6,672	9,799	5,405
Saranac HS Home & Careers	20	1,287	69	1,238
Saranac HS Key Club	2,729	716	853	2,592
Saranac HS Library Club	1,792	3,496	3,424	1,864
Saranac HS NHS	840	912	762	990
Saranac HS Multicultural Club	1,000	626	981	645
Saranac HS Student Council	893	2,240	1,956	1,177
Saranac HS Outdoor Club	2,221	-	250	1,971
Saranac HS Yearbook	2,077	10,976	4,089	8,964
Saranac MS Student Council	1,324	5,027	4,779	1,572
Saranac MS Drama	6,883	3,732	2,678	7,937
Saranac MS Builders Club	689	146	60	775
Saranac HS SADD	734	-	-	734
	\$ 43,719	\$ 122,488	\$ 103,934	\$ 62,273

<sup>.</sup> See Notes to the Financial Statements – Extraclassroom Activity Funds

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### **Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: The books and records of the Saranac Central School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when cash is disbursed.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u>: The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Saranac Central School District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. The cash and investment balances are reported in the Trust and Agency Funds of the District.

<u>Cash Equivalents</u>: For financial statement purposes all highly liquid investments having maturities of three months or less are considered as cash equivalents.